INNOVATION

Innovation On Innovation









IDSA

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INNOVATION ON INNOVATION

21 Design in the Context of Innovation

By Brian Roderman, FIDSA Guest Editor

22 Crossing the Chasm

By Brian Roderman, FIDSA, and Luke Jordan, IDSA

26 Innovation on a Wednesday Morning

By Raleigh Gresham

30 Meeting the Mobility Demands of the Future

By Todd Summe

34 Why It's Insights, Not Ideas, That Truly Drive Innovation: The Innovation Myth

By Jonathan Dalton, IDSA

37 The Art of Collaboration

By Luke Jordan, IDSA, and Kate Whitney, S/IDSA

41 Brainstorming Tools Begetting Brainstorming Tools

By Daily Gist

42 The Experience Revolution

By Brian Roderman, FIDSA, and Kate Whitney, S/IDSA

FEATURES

19 IDSA Sketchbook

Sponsored by 3M

46 Dinnerware You Can Print: Dine with Design

By Herb Velazquez, IDSA

IN EVERY ISSUE

6 Chair's Report

By Megan Neese, IDSA

7 IDSA HQ

By Chris Livaudais, IDSA

8 From the Editor

By Mark Dziersk, FIDSA

11 Design Defined

By Scott Stropkay

13 Beautility

By Tucker Viemeister, FIDSA

15 A Look Back

By Tsai Lu Liu, IDSA

45 Book Review

By Mark Dziersk, FIDSA

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Left: Dine with Design. See p. 46.



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Advertisers' Index

- c3 IDSA Featured Firms
- 18 IDSA Membership
- c2 International Design Conference 2018
- 4 International Design Conference 2018
- c4 LUNAR
- 1 Tactile



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As the CEO and co-founder of THRIVE, Jonathan Dalton helps clients achieve business objectives and redefine markets through user-centered products and strategic brand design. He's expert at helping organizations see what people will want in the future and helping development teams manage the change to meet those needs. His career has spanned a number of continents and design disciplines, including the Electrolux Group, ZIBA Design, and Philips Design's Consulting Practice in North America.

Why It's Insights, Not Ideas, That Truly Drive Innovation

THE INNOVATION MYTH

here's an age-old myth when it comes to the notion of innovation: that of the lone inventor sitting in a lab hit by a bolt of lightning and a moment of explosive inspiration, and BOOM!...out pops the big idea. At least, that's how the story is typically told. But that telling is a bit of an illusion, often aligning with how people envision innovation: a flash of brilliance, an inspired idea and Eureka! A new life-changing thing is born that transforms the modern world for the better. The truth is—as we all know—a lot messier than that. It's time to put away some of the old fables about innovation, starting with the illusion

that ideas drive innovation.

From Shark Tank to TED talks, popular culture has sold us the thought that an idea, packaged and presented, exists as the ultimate solution to a problem. It's this never-ending glorification of ideas that has led us to put our attention in the wrong place. Contrary to what many believe, the idea is only part of the process-and it's not the beginning. Innovation starts a lot earlier then when you assemble your team in a room to brainstorm; it begins with learning about your customer and getting to know them deeply-the kind of closeness that goes way beyond just asking them what they want next. Ideas, in fact, have a high failure rate when generated in a vacuum without first considering how to serve customer needs and desires. So, instead of ideas, we need to direct our focus elsewhere: on insights.

Why Are Insights So Important?

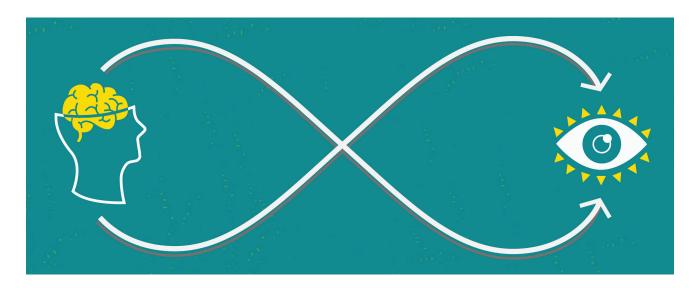
To quote Bob Dylan, "The Times They Are A-Changin'." The makeup of the buying public has evolved in the past two decades. We are experiencing a fundamental shift from an

era of mass consumption to a new era of context and personalization. Consumer expectations are changing, and value is now very personal; it's generated less through the selling and buying of goods and more through an ecosystem of information, services, experiences and solutions. The result: It's never been more critical for organizations to establish and maintain an intense focus on and understanding of their customers' lives. Customer knowledge informed by an empathetic mindset is critical for creating relevant new

thetic mindset is critical for creating relevant new offerings that are both pertinent and distinct. This brings us to insights. Insights are the cornerstone of the innovation process and a catalyst for creating new value for your customers. Insights—not ideas—must be the first stage of your innovation process for that reason.

Insight is a horribly misused word, much in the same vein as "brand," "strategy" and "innovation." So, let us first restore some meaning to the word by considering what insight is not:

Insight is not data. Data can take many forms, but we



have to remember it is just that—data. Alone, data is not an insight, and it does not do your thinking for you. With masses of data at hand, the fundamental problem is a lot more essential: How do we mine and analyze the data to reveal insights we can act on? Look at your data holistically and be cautioned against becoming attached to that singular inspiring data point that can drive a swift conclusion. Think holistically. Analyze intensely. Insight definition requires you to take a multidimensional view.

An observation is not an insight. Observations are an incredibly important part of creating insight but are still only one data point to consider (and should never stand alone). They are facts that lack the why and the motivation behind a consumer's behavior. Never stop short of the hard work involved during the process of insight definition, of converting an astute observation into something more meaningful and actionable. Always get to the why.

A customer wish or statement of need is not an insight. An insight is not an articulated statement of need. Insights are less apparent, intangible, latent, a hidden truth that is the result of obsessive digging. Anytime you hear "I want" or "I need" in a statement, step back and pause; you probably need to dig deeper and understand the motivation and the why behind the want. Articulated needs are ideal for defining features and benefits, but do not lead to insights

that have the gravity to topple existing categories and create new ones. Obsess about the outcome people want; don't merely record their statements of need and assume you have insights, because you likely do not.

What's the Best Way to Find Insights?

Ethnography is a vital tool in the innovation toolbox that gives you a real-world understanding of people's preferences, motivations and needs by examining the environments buyers inhabit and the cultural and societal forces that influence their behavior. In a sense, it's deliberate systematized empathy. Humans are wildly complex, a swirl of influences, shared beliefs and experiences that form us separately as individuals. Ethnography provides a peek behind the consumer curtain that can be incredibly valuable, unlocking innovation and strategic business opportunities and boosting competitive advantage and customer loyalty.

Direct your empathy toward understanding four areas: what influences consumer behavior from a cultural, social, personal and psychological perspective.

Cultural forces: Friends, families and the environment in which a person grew up profoundly affect humans, heavily influencing the values they hold and the behaviors they feel are socially acceptable. The more we understand how the world around people forms their behavior, the more we can

INNOVATION ON INNOVATION

empathize, create offerings that reflect that empathy and are, therefore, more meaningful and relevant.

Social affiliation: Social groups profoundly influence people's consumption behaviors and reflect the mindsets, values and lifestyles they collectively share with others like them. Tap into the human need to both self-express and connect with others and you'll find ways to leverage that belonging to your brand's benefit.

Personal lifestyle: The way we live and what artifacts we attach meaning to is a consistent pattern in a consumer's life, something that's influenced by a person's personality, values, attitudes and beliefs. Understand the personality traits that make someone unique and you can understand what will appeal to them, their outlook on life and what will fit with their consumption habits.

Psychological factors: People's life experience to date uniquely forms their perception of the world and how they selectively view, process, organize and interpret it. Cracking the perceptive code of a given audience is absolutely key. As innovators, we have to battle our way through that stimuli soup into the minds of consumers. The best way to do this is by hitting them where it matters: by understanding their aspirations, motivations, desires and, most importantly, what they perceive to be meaningful and why. Take the time and dig into their gray matter and you'll be more confident that the message you're sending is the right one.

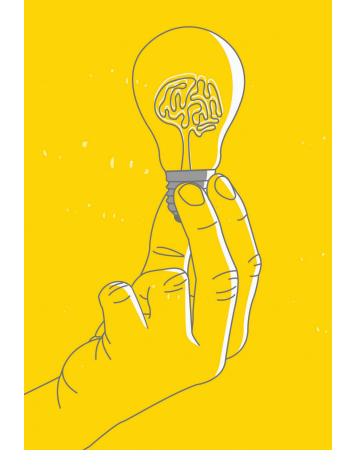
How Do You Turn Knowledge into Insight?

Casual observation and merely knowing are not enough. Insight definition takes work; it's a skill that requires creativity, persistence and deep thinking about craft. The most powerful insights come from rigor and serious analysis to translate large amounts of data into concise and compelling findings. Use written insight statements to turn research data into actionable insight to inspire new ideas for product and service development.

Writing consumer insight statements is a bit of a black art—a little creativity, a little analysis. It hinges on a threesentence structure designed to balance the details of analysis with a rallying cry for action.

Sentence #1: The Situation: Set the context for your consumer insight statement by describing the current situation and the incumbent consumer behavior. This part should capture both the environment and a simple observation of a given situation going on within it.

Sentence #2: The Frustration: Describe the dilemma the consumer faces and articulate why this is a frustration



in their life. Crafting this part comes from understanding the barriers that stand in the way of achieving the subject's needs or desires. It should have an emotional element that elicits a "we need to fix this" response.

Sentence #3: The Future Desire: Envision the consumer's desired end state and ideal situation and describe the tangible business result they'll get from using your product or service (remembering that consumers don't necessarily care *what* a product or service is, but rather what it does for them).

Here is an example: "We enjoy using our outdoor pool but are often bothered by mosquitos. I am hesitant about using insect repellent on my children's skin because I am unsure how safe it is. I wish there were a repellant that had the strength to improve protection around pools so I do not have to apply repellant to my children's skin."

Don't Forget about the Big Picture

The biggest takeaway here is that insight is *fuel* for ideation—insights reduce irrelevance and help you focus on what is meaningful, setting the foundation for successful product and service development. Once you've got them, you can rephrase them to be actionable for the creative process, turning them into "How might we?" statements. In the above example: How might we improve protection from mosquitos without having to apply repellant to the skin? Think of the insight statement as the question, the idea as the answer, and the resulting product or service as the solution.

If you increase your grasp of insight to understand your customers, you'll know what you're really solving for, which simply makes for smarter business. ■



